Universität Koblenz-Landau FB 4 Informatik

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Exercises for "Decision Procedures for Verification" Exercise sheet 2

Exercise 2.1: (2 P) Determine the polarity of the following subformulae of

$$F = \neg((\neg(P \land \neg Q)) \lor (R \lor \neg S)) \lor (U \land V)$$

- (1) $(P \land \neg Q)$
- (2) Q
- (3) $(R \lor \neg S)$
- (4) S
- (5) V
- (6) $((\neg (P \land \neg Q)) \lor (R \lor \neg S))$

Exercise 2.2: (4 P)

Let F be the following formula:

$$\neg[((Q \land \neg P) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)) \to ((Q \to P) \land (Q \land \neg P))] \land (P \lor R)$$

- (1) Compute the negation normal form (NNF) F' of F.
- (2) Convert F' to CNF using the satisfiability-preserving transformation described in the lecture.

Exercise 2.3: (3 P)

Use the resolution calculus to prove that the following set of clauses is unsatisfiable:

$$\begin{array}{ll} (1) & \neg P \lor \neg Q \lor R \\ (2) & \neg P \lor \neg Q \lor S \\ (3) & P \\ (4) & \neg S \lor \neg R \\ (5) & Q \end{array}$$

Exercise 2.4: (2 P)

Let F and G be equivalent formulas, let H be a formula in which F occurs as a subformula.

Then H is equivalent to H' where H' is obtained from H by replacing the occurrence of the subformula F by G.

(Notation: H = H[F], H' = H[G].)

Hint: Proof by induction over the formula structure of H.

Exercise 2.5: (2 P)

Let F be a formula, P a propositional variable not occurring in F, and F' a subformula of F. Prove: The formula $F[P] \land (P \leftrightarrow F')$ is satisfiable if and only if F[F'] is satisfiable.

Here F[F'] is the formula F (in which F' was not replaced) and F[P] is obtained from the formula F by replacing the subformula F' with the propositional variable P.

Hint: You can first prove (by induction over the formula structure of F) that for any valuation \mathcal{A} , if $\mathcal{A}(P) = \mathcal{A}(F')$ then $\mathcal{A}(F[P]) = \mathcal{A}(F[F'])$. This result is then used to prove the claim.

Supplementary exercise (to be discussed in one of the following exercise sessions)

Exercise 2.6: (4 P)

Let F be a formula containing neither \rightarrow nor \leftrightarrow , P a propositional variable not occurring in F, and F' a subformula of F. Prove:

- If F' has positive polarity in F then F[F'] is satisfiable if and only if $F[P] \land (P \to F')$ is satisfiable.
- If F' has negative polarity in F then F[F'] is satisfiable if and only if $F[P] \land (F' \to P)$ is satisfiable.

Reminder: The structural induction principle (for propositional logic).

Let \mathcal{B} be a property of formulae in propositional logic. Assume that the following hold:

- for every propositional variable $P \in \Pi$, P has property \mathcal{B} ;
- \perp and \top have property \mathcal{B} ;
- if $F = F_1$ op F_2 for op $\in \{\lor, \land, \rightarrow, \leftrightarrow\}$ and if both F_1 and F_2 have property \mathcal{B} then F has property \mathcal{B} ;
- if $F = \neg F_1$ and F_1 has property \mathcal{B} then F has property \mathcal{B} .

Then property \mathcal{B} holds for all Π -formulae.

Please submit your solution until Wednesday, November 12, 2014 at 12:00. Joint solutions prepared by up to three persons are allowed. Please do not forget to write your name on your solution.

Submission possibilities:

- By e-mail to sofronie@uni-koblenz.de with the keyword "Homework DP" in the subject.
- Put it in the box in front of Room B 222.