# Universität Koblenz-Landau FB 4 Informatik

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## Exercises for "Formal Specification and Verification" Exercise sheet 3

## Exercise 3.1:

Let  $\Sigma = (\Omega, \Pi)$  be a signature, where  $\Omega = \{f/2, g/1, a/0, b/0\}$  and  $\Pi = \{p/2\}$ ; let X be the set of variables  $\{x, y, z\}$ . Which of the following expressions are terms over  $\Sigma$  and X, which are atoms/literals/clauses/formulae, which are neither?

(a) 
$$\neg p(g(a), f(x, y))$$

(b) 
$$f(x,x) \approx x$$

(c) 
$$p(f(x,a),x) \vee p(a,b)$$

- (d)  $p(\neg g(x), g(y))$
- (e)  $\neg p(f(x,y))$
- (f)  $p(a,b) \wedge p(x,y) \wedge y$

(g) 
$$\exists y(\neg p(f(y,y),y))$$

(h)  $\forall x \forall y (g(p(x,y)) \approx g(x))$ 

### Exercise 3.2:

Compute the results of the following substitutions:

(a) f(g(x), x)[g(a)/x](b) p(f(y, x), g(x))[x/y](c)  $\forall y(p(f(y, x), g(y)))[x/y]$ (d)  $\forall y(p(f(y, x), x))[y/x]$ (e)  $\forall y(p(f(z, g(y)), g(x)) \lor \exists z(g(z) \approx y))[g(b)/z]$ (f)  $\exists y(f(x, y) \approx x \rightarrow \forall x(f(x, y) \approx x))[g(y)/y, g(z)/x]$ 

### Exercise 3.3:

Prove or refute the following statements:

- (a) If F is a first-order formula, then F is valid if and only if  $F \to \bot$  is unsatisfiable.
- (b) If F and G are first-order formulae, F is valid, and  $F \to G$  is valid, then G is valid.

- (c) If F and G are first-order formulae, F is satisfiable, and  $F \to G$  is satisfiable, then G is satisfiable.
- (d) If F is a first-order formula and x a variable, then F is unsatisfiable if and only if  $\exists xF$  is unsatisfiable.
- (e) If F and G are first-order formulae and x is a variable then  $\forall x(F \land G) \models \forall xF \land \forall xG$ and  $\forall xF \land \forall xG \models \forall x(F \land G)$ .
- (f) If F and G are first-order formulae and x is a variable then  $\exists x(F \land G) \models \exists xF \land \exists xG$ and  $\exists xF \land \exists xG \models \exists x(F \land G)$ .

#### Exercise 3.4:

Let  $\Sigma = (\Omega, \Pi)$ , where  $\Omega = \{0/0, s/1, +/2\}$  and  $\Pi = \emptyset$  (i.e. the only predicate symbol is  $\approx$ ). Consider the following formulae in the signature  $\Sigma$ :

- 1.  $F_1 = \forall x \ (x + 0 \approx x)$
- 2.  $F_2 = \forall x, y \ (x + s(y) \approx s(x + y))$
- 3.  $F_3 = \forall x, y \ (x + y \approx y + x).$

Find a  $\Sigma$ -structure in which  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are valid but  $F_3$  is not.

Please submit your solution until Wednesday, May 23, 2012 at 11:00.

Submission possibilities:

- By e-mail to sofronie@uni-koblenz.de with the keyword "Homework FSW" in the subject.
- Hand it in to me (Room B225) or drop it in the box in front of Room B224.