

Exercises for “Non-Classical Logics”
Exercise sheet 10

Exercise 10.1: (2 P)

- (1) Give a property of R that is necessary and sufficient for $\mathcal{F} = (S, R)$ to validate the schema $\diamond^2 A \rightarrow \square \diamond^2 A$.
- (2) Can you find an axiom schema which characterized the following property of the relation in a frame: $\forall s_1 \forall s_2 \forall s_3 (R^4(s_1, s_2) \wedge R^2(s_1, s_3) \rightarrow R(s_2, s_3))$

Exercise 10.2: (1 P)

Prove that in any Kripke structure $\mathcal{K} = (S, R, I)$ and for every $s \in S$ the following holds:

- $(\mathcal{K}, s) \models \square^n F$ if and only if for all $t \in S$ with $R^n(s, t)$ we have $(\mathcal{K}, t) \models F$.

Exercise 10.3: (4 P)

Prove that the following formulae are valid using the tableau calculus presented in the lecture.

- (1) $\diamond(P \vee Q) \rightarrow (\diamond P \vee \diamond Q)$
- (2) $(\diamond P \vee \diamond Q) \rightarrow \diamond(P \vee Q)$

Exercise 10.4: (2 P)

Prove that the formula A is satisfiable using the tableau calculus presented in the lecture:

$$A : \neg((\diamond P \wedge \diamond Q) \rightarrow \diamond(P \wedge Q))$$

and construct a Kripke model $\mathcal{K} = (S, R, I)$ and a state $s \in S$ such that $(\mathcal{K}, s) \models A$ using a saturated tableau for A .

Exercise 10.5: (2 P)

Construct a saturated or closed tableau starting from the following prefixed formula:

$$T((\square \diamond P \wedge \diamond P) \rightarrow \diamond \square P)$$

Please submit your solution until Monday, January 26, 2015, at 18:00. Joint solutions prepared by up to three persons are allowed. Please do not forget to write your name(s) on your solution.

Submission possibilities:

- By e-mail to sofronie@uni-koblenz.de with the keyword “Homework Non-Classical Logics” in the subject.
- Put it in the box in front of Room B 222.